

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method for transmitting a stream of data over a channel made up of a plurality of subchannels having respective subchannel rates, the method comprising:

partitioning the data among the subchannels, such that responsive to the respective subchannel rates, successive words of the data, including at least first, second and third words in succession, are mapped to the subchannels in alternation, whereby the first word is mapped to a first subchannel, the second word is mapped to a second subchannel, and the third word is mapped to one of the first subchannel and a third subchannel;

transmitting the words of the data over the subchannels to which they are mapped; and

receiving and processing the words from the subchannels to recover the stream of data,

wherein partitioning the data comprises deciding, for each word among the successive words, to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped, and

wherein deciding to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped comprises assigning respective numbers of the words to the subchannels so that at any point in time while transmitting the words of the data over the subchannels, a ratio of the numbers of the words that have been assigned to each of a given pair of the subchannels is approximately equal to the ratio of the respective subchannel rates.

2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein partitioning the data comprises mapping bytes of the data in alternation to the subchannels.

3. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the stream of data is divided into a sequence of data

blocks, each such block comprising a number of the words and having a block size defined by the number of the words therein, and wherein partitioning the data comprises mapping the successive words to the subchannels in a manner substantially independent of the block size.

4. (Original) A method according to claim 3, wherein the data blocks belong to one of a group of block types consisting of data frames, packets and cells.

5. (Original) A method according to claim 3, and comprising framing the blocks in accordance with a data framing protocol applicable to the channel prior to mapping the successive words to the subchannels, and wherein processing the words comprises reassembling the blocks.

6. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein framing the blocks comprises, for each block among at least some of the blocks, combining the data from multiple bearers in a payload of the block, and wherein mapping the successive words comprises mapping the words to the subchannels in a manner substantially independent of a partitioning of the payload among the multiple bearers.

7. (Original) A method according to claim 6, wherein combining the data comprises altering the partitioning of the payload of the blocks, without affecting the partitioning of the data among the subchannels.

8. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of subchannels comprise a plurality of

different frequency bands carried on a common physical channel.

9. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of subchannels comprises a separate group of one or more wires.

10. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein partitioning the data comprises changing, responsive to a change in one or more of the subchannels while transmitting the words of the data, the partitioning among the subchannels.

11-12. (Canceled)

13. (Currently amended) A method according to ~~claim 11~~ claim 1, wherein deciding to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped comprises assigning the words to the subchannels in an order such that the words that are mapped to each of the subchannels are distributed approximately evenly with respect to the stream of data.

14. (Currently amended) A method according to ~~claim 11~~ claim 1, wherein deciding to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped comprises computing in advance a table of assignment of the successive words to the subchannels, and wherein partitioning the data comprises mapping the words to the subchannels responsive to the table.

15. (Currently amended) A method ~~according to claim 11,~~ for transmitting a stream of data over a channel made up

of a plurality of subchannels having respective subchannel rates, the method comprising:

partitioning the data among the subchannels, such that responsive to the respective subchannel rates, successive words of the data, including at least first, second and third words in succession, are mapped to the subchannels in alternation, whereby the first word is mapped to a first subchannel, the second word is mapped to a second subchannel, and the third word is mapped to one of the first subchannel and a third subchannel;

transmitting the words of the data over the subchannels to which they are mapped; and

receiving and processing the words from the subchannels to recover the stream of data,

wherein partitioning the data comprises deciding, for each word among the successive words, to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped, and

wherein deciding to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped comprises interleaving the words among the subchannels in an order that is fully determined by the subchannel rates.

16. (Original) A method according to claim 15, wherein receiving and processing the words comprises determining, dependent upon the rates, an order in which to reassemble the words so as to recover the stream of data.

17. (Currently amended) ~~A method according to claim 11,~~
for transmitting a stream of data over a channel made up of a plurality of subchannels having respective subchannel rates, the method comprising:

partitioning the data among the subchannels, such that responsive to the respective subchannel rates, successive words of the data, including at least first, second and third words in succession, are mapped to the

subchannels in alternation, whereby the first word is mapped to a first subchannel, the second word is mapped to a second subchannel, and the third word is mapped to one of the first subchannel and a third subchannel;

transmitting the words of the data over the subchannels to which they are mapped; and

receiving and processing the words from the subchannels to recover the stream of data,

wherein partitioning the data comprises deciding, for each word among the successive words, to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped, and

wherein deciding to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped comprises selecting one of the subchannels responsive to an accumulated value indicative of a distribution of the words among the subchannels, and updating the accumulated value responsive to the selected subchannel for use in deciding to which of the subchannels subsequent words should be mapped.

18. (Original) A method according to claim 17, wherein selecting one of the subchannels comprises assigning a respective subchannel value to each of the subchannels in proportion to the respective subchannel rates, and wherein updating the accumulated value comprises changing the accumulated value responsive to the subchannel value assigned to the selected subchannel.

19. (Original) A method according to claim 17, wherein updating the accumulated value comprises computing respective accumulated values for all the subchannels, responsive to the subchannel rates and to respective numbers of the words mapped to the subchannels, and wherein selecting one of the subchannels comprises selecting the one of the subchannels whose respective accumulated value satisfies a predetermined criterion.

20. (Original) A method according to claim 17, wherein the plurality of subchannels comprises three or more subchannels, and wherein deciding to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped comprises:

grouping at least two of the subchannels together in a subchannel group;

routing a subset of the words of the data to the subchannel group; and

splitting the subset of the words among the subchannels in the subchannel group.

21. (Original) A method according to claim 20, wherein grouping at least two of the subchannels comprises assigning the subchannels in multiple subchannel groups, and providing a hierarchy of splitters for dividing the words among the groups, wherein routing and splitting the subset of the words comprises controlling the splitters so as to route and split the subset of the words.

22. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein transmitting the words of the data comprises transmitting the data over a Digital Subscribe Line (DSL) connection.

23. (Currently amended) A method for transmitting a stream of data over a channel made up of a plurality of subchannels, the method comprising:

framing the data in a sequence of data blocks in accordance with a data framing protocol;

partitioning the data in each of the blocks among the subchannels, such that successive words of the data, including at least first, second and third words in succession, are mapped to the subchannels in alternation, whereby the first word is mapped to a first subchannel,

the second word is mapped to a second subchannel, and the third word is mapped to one of the first subchannel and a third subchannel, in a manner substantially independent of the framing of the data blocks;

transmitting the words of the data over the subchannels to which they are mapped; and

receiving and processing the words from the subchannels so as to reassemble the data blocks,

wherein framing the data comprises framing the blocks in accordance with a data framing protocol applicable to the channel, and

wherein framing the blocks comprises, for each block among at least some of the blocks, combining the data from multiple bearers in a payload of the block, and wherein mapping the successive words comprises mapping the words to the subchannels in a manner substantially independent of a partitioning of the payload among the multiple bearers.

24. (Original) A method according to claim 23, wherein the data blocks belong to one of a group of block types consisting of data frames, packets and cells.

25-26. (Canceled)

27. (Currently amended) A method according to ~~claim 26~~ claim 23, wherein combining the data comprises altering the partitioning of the payload of the blocks, substantially without affecting the partitioning of the data among the subchannels.

28. (Currently amended) Apparatus for transmitting a stream of data over a channel made up of a plurality of

subchannels having respective subchannel rates, the apparatus comprising:

a subchannel demultiplexer, which is to partition the data among the subchannels by mapping, responsive to the respective subchannel rates, successive words of the data, including at least first, second and third words in succession, to the subchannels in alternation, whereby the first word is mapped to a first subchannel, the second word is mapped to a second subchannel, and the third word is mapped to one of the first subchannel and a third subchannel; and

one or more physical layer interfaces, coupled to transmit the words of the data over the subchannels to which they are mapped, whereby a receiver is able to receive and process the words from the subchannels to recover the stream of data,

wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to partition the data by deciding, for each word among the successive words, to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped, and

wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to assign respective numbers of the words to the subchannels so that at any point in time while transmitting the words of the data over the subchannels, a ratio of the numbers of the words that have been assigned to each of a given pair of the subchannels is approximately equal to the ratio of the respective subchannel rates.

29. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 28, wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to map bytes of the data in alternation to the subchannels.

30. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 28, wherein the stream of data is divided into a sequence of data blocks, each such block comprising a number of

the words and having a block size defined by the number of the words therein, and wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to map the successive words to the subchannels in a manner substantially independent of the block size.

31. (Original) Apparatus according to claim 30, wherein the data blocks belong to one of a group of block types consisting of data frames, packets and cells.

32. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 30, and comprising a protocol processor, which is to frame the blocks in accordance with a data framing protocol applicable to the channel, prior to mapping the successive words to the subchannels by the subchannel demultiplexer.

33. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 32, wherein the protocol processor is, for each block among at least some of the blocks, to combine the data from multiple bearers in a payload of the block, and wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to map the words to the subchannels in a manner substantially independent of a partitioning of the payload among the multiple bearers.

34. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 33, wherein the protocol processor is to alter the partitioning of the payload of the blocks, without affecting the partitioning of the data among the subchannels by the subchannel demultiplexer.

35. (Original) Apparatus according to claim 28, wherein the plurality of subchannels comprise a plurality of different frequency bands carried on a common physical channel.

36. (Original) Apparatus according to claim 28, wherein each of the plurality of subchannels comprises a separate group of one or more wires, and wherein the one or more physical layer interfaces comprise a plurality of physical layer interfaces, respectively coupled to the plurality of subchannels.

37. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 28, wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to change, responsive to a change in one or more of the subchannels while transmitting the words of the data, the partitioning of the data among the subchannels.

38-39. (Canceled)

40. (Currently amended) Apparatus according to ~~claim 38~~ claim 28, wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to assign the words to the subchannels in an order such that the words that are mapped to each of the subchannels are distributed approximately evenly with respect to the stream of data.

41. (Currently amended) Apparatus according to ~~claim 38~~ claim 28, wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to map the words to the subchannels responsive to a pre-computed table of assignment of the successive words to the subchannels.

42. ~~(Currently amended) Apparatus according to claim 38,~~
for transmitting a stream of data over a channel made up
of a plurality of subchannels having respective
subchannel rates, the apparatus comprising:

a subchannel demultiplexer, which is to partition
the data among the subchannels by mapping, responsive to
the respective subchannel rates, successive words of the
data, including at least first, second and third words in
succession, to the subchannels in alternation, whereby
the first word is mapped to a first subchannel, the
second word is mapped to a second subchannel, and the
third word is mapped to one of the first subchannel and a
third subchannel; and

one or more physical layer interfaces, coupled to
transmit the words of the data over the subchannels to
which they are mapped, whereby a receiver is able to
receive and process the words from the subchannels to
recover the stream of data,

wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to partition
the data by deciding, for each word among the successive
words, to which of the subchannels the word should be
mapped, and

wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to
interleave the words among the subchannels in an order
that is fully determined by the subchannel rates, whereby
the receiver is able to determine, dependent upon the
rates, an order in which to reassemble the words so as to
recover the stream of data.

43. ~~(Currently amended) Apparatus according to claim 38,~~
for transmitting a stream of data over a channel made up
of a plurality of subchannels having respective
subchannel rates, the apparatus comprising:

a subchannel demultiplexer, which is to partition
the data among the subchannels by mapping, responsive to
the respective subchannel rates, successive words of the

data, including at least first, second and third words in succession, to the subchannels in alternation, whereby the first word is mapped to a first subchannel, the second word is mapped to a second subchannel, and the third word is mapped to one of the first subchannel and a third subchannel; and

one or more physical layer interfaces, coupled to transmit the words of the data over the subchannels to which they are mapped, whereby a receiver is able to receive and process the words from the subchannels to recover the stream of data,

wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to partition the data by deciding, for each word among the successive words, to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped, and

wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to select one of the subchannels to which the word should be mapped responsive to an accumulated value indicative of a distribution of the words among the subchannels, and to update the accumulated value responsive to the selected subchannel for use in deciding to which of the subchannels subsequent words should be mapped.

44. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 43, wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to assign a respective subchannel value to each of the subchannels in proportion to the respective subchannel rates, and to update the accumulated value responsive to the subchannel value assigned to the selected subchannel.

45. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 43, wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to compute respective accumulated values for all the subchannels, responsive to the subchannel rates and to respective numbers of the words mapped to the subchannels, and to

select the one of the subchannels whose respective accumulated value satisfies a predetermined criterion.

46. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 43, wherein the plurality of subchannels comprises three or more subchannels, and wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to decide to which of the subchannels the word should be mapped by grouping at least two of the subchannels together in a subchannel group, routing a subset of the words of the data to the subchannel group, and splitting the subset of the words among the subchannels in the subchannel group.

47. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 46, wherein the subchannel demultiplexer comprises a hierarchy of splitters arranged so as to group the subchannels in multiple subchannel groups, and is to control the splitters so as to route and split the words among the multiple groups.

48. (Original) Apparatus according to claim 28, wherein the channel comprises a Digital Subscribe Line (DSL) connection.

49. (Currently amended) Apparatus for transmitting a stream of data over a channel made up of a plurality of subchannels, the method comprising:

- a protocol processor, which is to frame the data in a sequence of data blocks;

- a subchannel demultiplexer, which is to partition the data among the subchannels by mapping successive words of the data, including at least first, second and third words in succession, to the subchannels in alternation, whereby the first word is mapped to a first

subchannel, the second word is mapped to a second subchannel, and the third word is mapped to one of the first subchannel and a third subchannel, substantially independently of the framing of the data blocks by the protocol processor;

one or more physical layer interfaces, coupled to transmit the words of the data over the subchannels to which they are mapped, whereby a receiver is able to receive and process the words from the subchannels so as to reassemble the data blocks,

wherein the protocol processor is to frame the blocks in accordance with a data framing protocol applicable to the channel, and

wherein the protocol processor is, for each block among at least some of the blocks, to combine the data from multiple bearers in a payload of the block, and wherein the subchannel demultiplexer is to map the successive words to the subchannels in a manner substantially independent of a partitioning of the payload among the multiple bearers.

50. (Original) Apparatus according to claim 49, wherein the data blocks belong to one of a group of block types consisting of data frames, packets and cells.

51-52. (Canceled)

53. (Currently amended) Apparatus according to ~~claim 52~~ claim 49, wherein the protocol processor is to alter the partitioning of the payload of the blocks, substantially without affecting the partitioning of the data among the subchannels.